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1.(Amended) A method of determining direction-dependent properties of coatings, in which measurements of coating properties are made along a test track on a sample coating using one or more measuring instruments, wherein

- a) at least one measurement is recorded in relation to direction, and
- b) the sample coating has at least one coat thickness which occurs twice and [with]at least two different coat- thickness gradients along the test track.

2. (Amended) The method [as claimed in]of claim 1, wherein the [corresponding]at least two coat-thickness gradients are different in sign.

3. (Amended) The method [as claimed in one] of claim[s] 1[and 2], wherein the at least one coat thickness has a minimum or a maximum along the test track.

4.(Amended) The method [as claimed in one] of claim[s] 1[to 3], wherein the coat thickness changes symmetrically along the test track[, preferably being bell-shaped or parabolic].

5.(Amended) The method [as claimed in one] of claim[s] 1[to 4], wherein the sample coating is produced by spraying along a straight line.

6. (Amended) The method [as claimed in one] of claim[s] 1[to 5], wherein the test track extends without reversals[, preferably linearly].

7.(Amended)The method [as claimed in one] of claim[s] 1[to 6], which is used to measure coat thickness, evenness, shade, haze, and/or gloss of the sample coating.

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8. (New) The method of claim 4, wherein the coat thickness changes symmetrically along the test track in a bell-shape.